

ANSWERS

Chapter 6

Exercise 6A

- 1 a $a = -4, b = 1$
b $a = -5, b = 2, c = -1$
c $a = 4, b = -2, c = 0$
2 a $(x, \theta) = (-\sqrt{3}, \frac{5\pi}{6})$
b $(x, \theta) = (\sqrt{3}, \frac{-5\pi}{6})$
3 0 resultant force; all forces cancel.
4 a $\underline{F}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -15 \\ -37 \end{pmatrix}$
b $40N$
5 $15.13N$
6 a $\underline{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 12.4 \\ -6.3 \end{pmatrix}$
b $14N$
7 a $\begin{pmatrix} -470 \\ 235 \\ 290 \end{pmatrix}$
b $600N$
8 $x = 120, y = -210, z = -280, 370N$

Exercise 6B

- 1 a 3
b $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$
c $-\frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2}$
d $-\sqrt{15}$
e 4
f -3
2 a -4
b -4
c $8 - \sqrt{6}$
d 22
e $6 - 2\sqrt{15}$
f $1 + 6\sqrt{2}$

3 a 24

b -14

4 a -81

b -12

5 5

6 -2

7 a -1

b -21

c 25

Exercise 6C

- 1 answers in radians
a 1.48
b 1.9368
c 1.3807
2 answers in radians
a 0.868
b 1.412
c 0.3319
3 0.782 radians
4 a $E(6,0,5)$
 $B(6,3,0)$
 $G(0,3,5)$
b 1.3386 radians
5 a $B(8,8,0)$
b 0.7716 radians
6 a $P(8,0,0)$
 $R(0,6,0)$
b 1.014197
7 a $A(8,0,0)$
 $B(8,5,0)$
 $F(8,5,6)$
b $(8,5,2)$
c 0.2089 radians

8 a 0.8218 radians**b** 35.5

$$\mathbf{9 \ a} \quad AY = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 7 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AX = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ \frac{29}{2} \\ -\frac{25}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

b 0.4186 radians**10 a** $A(8,0,0)$ $D(0,0,15)$ $E(8,0,15)$ **b** $P(8,0,5)$ $Q\left(8, \frac{27}{5}, 15\right)$ $R(2,0,15)$ **c** 1.2473 radians**d** 43.49**11** Odd looking submarine**a** 8 km**b** 1.4836 radians

$$\mathbf{12 \ a} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 11 \\ 33 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\sqrt{1246}N$

b 0.2666 radians**13** 148.29**Exercise 6D****1 a** $3 * 5 + 2(-3) + (-1)9 = 0 \Rightarrow$
perpendicular**b** $2 * 3 - 2 * 3 = 0 \Rightarrow$ perpendicular**c** $2 * 6 + 8(-5) + 7 * 4 = 0 \Rightarrow$
perpendicular**d** $(-1)8 + (-3)(-10) + (-2)11 = 0 \Rightarrow$
perpendicular**e** $4(-1) + (-3)2 + (-5)(-2) = 0 \Rightarrow$
perpendicular**f** $6 * 5 + 8 * 3 + 9(-6) = 0 \Rightarrow$
perpendicular**2 a** acute $a.b > 0$ **b** obtuse, $q.r < 0$ **c** obtuse, $u.v < 0$ **d** acute, $AB.AC > 0$ **3** $QP.QR = 0 \Rightarrow$ perpendicular at Q**4** $AB.BC = 0 \Rightarrow$ perpendicular**5** 0.5**6** 0.5**7** $\{(-1.5), (5)\}$

$$\mathbf{8 \ a} \quad \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{CD} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

b $\{\{p = -\frac{4}{3}\}, \{q = \frac{1}{3}\}\}$ **9** $\{\{k = -5\}, \{k = 5\}\}$ **10** $\{\{y = -2\}, \{y = 4\}\}$ **Exercise 6E****1** where is definition for c?**a** $a \bullet b = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_3$ $b \bullet a = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_3 \quad (1)$ **b** $a \bullet (b + c) = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_3$
 $+ a_1c_1 + a_2c_2 + a_3c_3$ **c** $a \bullet b + a \bullet c = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_3$
 $+ a_1c_1 + a_2c_2 + a_3c_3 \quad (2)$ **2 a** $\frac{65}{2}$ **b** 16**c** $-\frac{73}{2}$ **3 a** $25\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ **b** $25\left(2 - 3\sqrt{2}\right)$ **4** $\theta = 60^\circ$ **5** 9

ANSWERS

6 a $\frac{75}{2}$

b 25

7 $\sqrt{19}$

8 $(u + v) \bullet (u + v) = u \bullet u + 2u \bullet v + v \bullet v$
 $= |u|^2 + 2u \bullet v + |v|^2$

However we are told this $= u \bullet u + v \bullet v$
which equals $|u|^2 + |v|^2$

So $u \bullet v = 0$ therefore right angled at B

9 a -3

b Obtuse

10 $10\sqrt{3}, 4$

11 $\overrightarrow{BA} = a - b$

$\overrightarrow{BC} = -(a + b)$

$\overrightarrow{BA} \bullet \overrightarrow{BC} = -(a + b) \bullet (a - b) = |b|^2 - |a|^2$

But $|b|^2 = |a|^2$ so dot product is 0 \Rightarrow
right angled at B